Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

- 1. (Original) A method of making an irrigation hose, comprising:
- a) extruding a substrate at a first temperature, and allowing the substrate to cool to a second temperature;
- b) extruding a continuous flow path, the flow path having a plurality of emitter units, onto the substrate, thereby operatively connecting the flow path to the substrate to form a continuous strip member;
 - c) extruding a hose having an inner wall; and
 - d) operatively connecting the continuous strip member to the inner wall.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate has a top surface and a bottom surface and the flow path is extruded on the top surface.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising forming a plurality of protrusions on the bottom surface, whereby transfer of heat is enhanced.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the second temperature is less than 160 °F.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate has a thickness of from 0.002 inches to 0.020 inches.
- 6. (Original) An irrigation hose made according to the method of claim 1.
- 7. (Original) A method of making an irrigation hose, comprising:
- a) extruding a substrate at a first temperature, and allowing the substrate to cool to a second temperature, the second temperature less than 160 °F, the substrate has a top surface and a bottom surface, the substrate having a thickness of from 0.002 inches to 0.020 inches;

- b) extruding a continuous flow path, the flow path having a plurality of emitter units, on to the top surface of the substrate to form a continuous strip member;
 - c) extruding a hose having an inner wall; and
 - d) operatively connecting the continuous strip member to the inner wall.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, further comprising forming a plurality of protrusions on the bottom surface, whereby transfer of heat is enhanced.
- 9. (Original) A method of making a continuous strip member for use in making an irrigation hose, comprising:
- a) extruding a substrate at a first temperature, and allowing the substrate to cool to a second temperature;
- b) extruding a continuous flow path, the flow path having a plurality of emitter units, onto the substrate, thereby operatively connecting the flow path to the substrate to form a continuous strip member;
 - c) accumulating the continuous strip member; and
- d) storing the accumulated continuous strip member for subsequent use in forming an irrigation hose.
- 10. (Original) An irrigation hose, comprising:
 - a) a hose having a wall having an inner surface and an outer surface;
- b) a continuous strip member operatively connected to the inner surface, the continuous strip member comprising:
 - i) a substrate;
 - ii) a plurality of emitter units formed on the substrate; and
 - iii) the emitter units having an inlet, flow regulating section and an outlet; and
- c) an aperture formed in the wall proximate the outlet, wherein water flowing through the hose enters the emitter units through the inlet and exists through the aperture.

- 11. (New) A method of making an irrigation hose, comprising:
- a) extruding a substrate at a first temperature, and allowing the substrate to cool to a second temperature;
- b) extruding a continuous flow path, the flow path having a plurality of emitter units, onto the substrate, thereby operatively connecting the flow path to the substrate to form a continuous strip member; and
 - c) operatively connecting the continuous strip member to an inner wall of a hose.
- 12. (New) The method of claim 11, further comprising extruding a hose having an inner wall.
- 13. (New) The method of claim 11, wherein the substrate has a top surface and a bottom surface and the flow path is extruded on the top surface.
- 14. (New) The method of claim 11, wherein the second temperature is less than 160 °F.
- 15. (New) The method of claim 11, wherein the substrate has a thickness of from 0.002 inches to 0.020 inches.
- 16. (New) A method of making a continuous strip member for use in making an irrigation hose, comprising:
 - a) extruding a continuous flow path, the flow path having a plurality of emitter units;
 - b) accumulating the continuous strip member; and
- c) storing the accumulated continuous strip member for subsequent use in forming an irrigation hose.

- 17. (New) The method of claim 16, further comprising:
- a) extruding a substrate at a first temperature, and allowing the substrate to cool to a second temperature; and
- b) extruding the flow path onto the substrate, thereby, operatively connecting the flow path to the substrate to form the continuous strip member.